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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE SECRETARY OF STATE SEVENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2010

58 218

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 218

(By Senators Tomblin (Mr. President) and Caruth, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 13, 2010; in effect ninety days from passage.]

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[Passed March 13, 2010; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §62-12-13 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to powers and duties of the board of parole; eligibility for parole; changing when an inmate's written parole release plan may be prepared and considered; procedures for granting parole; accelerated parole eligibility for certain inmates who complete a rehabilitation treatment plan created with the assistance of a standardized risk and needs assessment; authorizing the Division of Corrections to promulgate policies and procedures related to accelerated parole eligibility; creating a rebuttable presumption for parole in certain circumstances; authorizing board of parole to contingently grant parole allowing board of parole to consider inmates for parole who have certain detainers pending against them; reducing the period for parole reconsideration; making technical corrections; and creating an internal effective date for certain amendments to the section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §62-12-13 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.

§62-12-13. Powers and duties of board; eligibility for parole; procedure for granting parole.

(a) The board of parole, whenever it is of the opinion
 that the best interests of the state and of the inmate will be
 served, and subject to the limitations hereinafter provided,
 shall release any inmate on parole for terms and upon
 conditions as are provided by this article.

6 (b) Any inmate of a state correctional center is eligible7 for parole if he or she:

8 (1) (A) Has served the minimum term of his or her 9 indeterminate sentence or has served one fourth of his or 10 her definite term sentence, as the case may be, or

11 (B) He or she:

(I) has applied for and been accepted by the Commis-sioner of Corrections into an accelerated parole program;

(ii) does not have a prior criminal conviction for a felony
crime of violence against the person, a felony offense
involving the use of a firearm, or a felony offense where
the victim was a minor child;

(iii) has no record of institutional disciplinary rule
violations for a period of 120 days prior to parole consideration unless the requirement is waived by the commissioner;

(iv) is not serving a sentence for a crime of violence
against the person, or more than one felony for a controlled substance offense for which the inmate is serving
a consecutive sentence, a felony offense involving the use

26 of a firearm, or a felony offence where the victim was a27 minor child; and,

(v) has successfully completed a rehabilitation treatment
program created with the assistance of a standardized risk
and needs assessment;

(I) as used in this paragraph "felony crime of violence
against the person" means felony offenses set forth in
articles two, three-e, eight-b or eight-d of chapter sixtyone of this code;

35 and

(II) as used in this paragraph "felony offense where the
victim was a minor child" means any felony crime of
violence against the person and any felony violation set
forth in article eight, eight-a, eight-c or eight-d of chapter
sixty-one of this code.

41 (C) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 42 contrary, any person who committed, or attempted to 43 commit a felony with the use, presentment or brandishing 44 of a firearm, is not eligible for parole prior to serving a 45 minimum of three years of his or her sentence or the 46 maximum sentence imposed by the court, whichever is 47 less: Provided, That any person who committed, or at-48 tempted to commit, any violation of section twelve, article 49 two, chapter sixty-one of this code, with the use, present-50 ment or brandishing of a firearm, is not eligible for parole 51 prior to serving a minimum of five years of his or her 52 sentence or one third of his or her definite term sentence, 53 whichever is greater. Nothing in this section applies to an 54 accessory before the fact or a principal in the second 55 degree who has been convicted as if he or she were a 56 principal in the first degree if, in the commission of or in 57 the attempted commission of the felony, only the principal 58 in the first degree used, presented or brandished a firearm. 59 A person is not ineligible for parole under the provisions

60 of this subdivision because of the commission or attempted 61 commission of a felony with the use, presentment or 62 brandishing of a firearm unless that fact is clearly stated 63 and included in the indictment or presentment by which 64 the person was charged and was either: (I) Found by the 65 court at the time of trial upon a plea of guilty or nolo 66 contendere; or (ii) found by the jury, upon submitting to 67 the jury a special interrogatory for such purpose if the 68 matter was tried before a jury; or (iii) found by the court, 69 if the matter was tried by the court without a jury.

For the purpose of this section, the term "firearm"
means any instrument which will, or is designed to, or may
readily be converted to, expel a projectile by the action of
an explosive, gunpowder or any other similar means.

(D) The amendments to this subsection adopted in theyear 1981:

76 (I) Apply to all applicable offenses occurring on or after77 August 1 of that year;

(ii) Apply with respect to the contents of any indictment
or presentment returned on or after August 1 of that year
irrespective of when the offense occurred;

81 (iii) Apply with respect to the submission of a special 82 interrogatory to the jury and the finding to be made 83 thereon in any case submitted to the jury on or after 84 August 1 of that year or to the requisite findings of the 85 court upon a plea of guilty or in any case tried without a 86 jury: *Provided*, That the state gives notice in writing of its 87 intent to seek such finding by the jury or court, as the case 88 may be, which notice shall state with particularity the 89 grounds upon which the finding will be sought as fully as 90 such grounds are otherwise required to be stated in an 91 indictment, unless the grounds therefor are alleged in the 92 indictment or presentment upon which the matter is being 93 tried; and 94 (iv) Does not apply with respect to cases not affected by
95 the amendments and in such cases the prior provisions of
96 this section apply and are construed without reference to
97 the amendments.

98 Insofar as the amendments relate to mandatory sen-99 tences restricting the eligibility for parole, all matters 100 requiring a mandatory sentence shall be proved beyond a 101 reasonable doubt in all cases tried by the jury or the court.

102 (2) Is not in punitive segregation or administrative103 segregation as a result of disciplinary action;

104 (3) Has maintained a record of good conduct in prison105 for a period of at least three months immediately preced-106 ing the date of his or her release on parole;

107(4) Has prepared and submitted to the board a written 108 parole release plan setting forth proposed plans for his or 109 her place of residence, employment and, if appropriate, his 110 or her plans regarding education and post-release counsel-111 ing and treatment. The Commissioner of Corrections or 112 his or her designee shall review the plan to be reviewed 113 and investigated and provide recommendations to the 114 board as to the suitability of the plan: *Provided*, That in 115 cases in which there is a mandatory thirty day notification 116 period required prior to the release of the inmate, pursu-117 ant to section twenty-three of this article, the board may 118 conduct an initial interview and deny parole without 119 requiring the development of a plan. In the event the 120 board does not believe parole should be denied, it may 121 defer a final decision pending completion of an investiga-122 tion and receipt of recommendations. Upon receipt of the 123 plan together with the investigation and recommendation, 124 the board, through a panel, shall make a final decision 125 regarding the granting or denial of parole; and

(5) Has satisfied the board that if released on parole heor she will not constitute a danger to the community.

128 (c) Except in the case of a person serving a life sentence, 129 no person who has been previously twice convicted of a 130 felony may be released on parole until he or she has served 131 the minimum term provided by law for the crime for 132 which he or she was convicted. A person sentenced for life 133 may not be paroled until he or she has served ten years, 134 and a person sentenced for life who has been previously 135 twice convicted of a felony may not be paroled until he or 136 she has served fifteen years: *Provided*, That a person 137 convicted of first degree murder for an offense committed 138 on or after June 10, 1994, is not eligible for parole until he 139 or she has served fifteen years.

(d) In the case of a person sentenced to any state correctional center, it is the duty of the board, as soon as a
person becomes eligible, to consider the advisability of his
or her release on parole.

144 (e) If, upon consideration, parole is denied, the board 145 shall promptly notify the inmate of the denial. The board 146 shall, at the time of denial, notify the person of the month 147 and year he or she may apply for reconsideration and 148 review. The board shall at least once a year reconsider 149 and review the case of every inmate who was denied 150 parole and is still eligible.

(f) Any person serving a sentence on a felony conviction
who becomes eligible for parole consideration prior to
being transferred to a state correctional center may make
written application for parole. The terms and conditions
for parole consideration established by this article apply
to such inmates.

(g) The board shall, with the approval of the Governor,
adopt rules governing the procedure in the granting of
parole. No provision of this article and none of the rules
adopted hereunder are intended or may be construed to
contravene, limit or otherwise interfere with or affect the
authority of the Governor to grant pardons and reprieves,

163 commute sentences, remit fines or otherwise exercise his164 or her constitutional powers of executive clemency.

165(h) The Division of Corrections shall promulgate policies 166 and procedures for developing a rehabilitation treatment 167 plan created with the assistance of a standardized risk and 168 needs assessment. The policies and procedures shall 169 include, but not be limited to, policy and procedures for 170 screening and selecting inmates for rehabilitation treat-171 ment and development and use of standardized risk and 172 needs assessment tools. An inmate shall not be paroled 173 solely due to having successfully completed a rehabilita-174 tion treatment plan but completion of all the requirements 175 of a rehabilitation parole plan along with compliance with 176 the requirements of subsection (b) of this section shall 177 create a rebuttable presumption that parole is appropriate. 178 The presumption created by this subsection may be 179 rebutted by a parole board finding that at the time parole 180 release is sought the inmate still constitutes a reasonable 181 risk to the safety or property of other persons if released. 182 Nothing in subsection (b) of this section or in this subsec-183 tion may be construed to create a right to parole.

(I) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the parole board may, in its discretion, grant or deny parole to an inmate against whom a detainer is lodged by a jurisdiction other than West Virginia for service of a sentence of incarceration, upon a written request for parole from the inmate. A denial of parole under this subsection shall preclude consideration for a period of one year or until the provisions of subsection (b) of this section are applicable.

(j) Where an inmate is otherwise eligible for parole
pursuant to subsection (b) of this section but the parole
board determines that the inmate should participate in an
additional program or complete an assigned task or tasks
prior to actual release on parole, the board may grant

198 parole contingently, effective upon successful completion
199 of the program or assigned task or tasks, without the need
200 for a further hearing. The Commissioner of Corrections
201 shall provide notice to the parole board of the imminent
202 release of a contingently paroled inmate to effectuate
203 appropriate supervision.

(k) The Division of Corrections is charged with the duty
of supervising all probationers and parolees whose supervision may have been undertaken by this state by reason
of any interstate compact entered into pursuant to the
uniform act for out-of-state parolee supervision.

(l)(1) When considering an inmate of a state correctional center for release on parole, the parole board panel considering the parole is to have before it an authentic copy of or report on the inmate's current criminal record as provided through the West Virginia State Police, the United States Department of Justice or other reliable criminal information sources and written reports of the warden or superintendent of the state correctional center to which the inmate is sentenced:

(A) On the inmate's conduct record while in custody,including a detailed statement showing any and allinfractions of disciplinary rules by the inmate and thenature and extent of discipline administered therefor;

(B) On improvement or other changes noted in the inmate's mental and moral condition while in custody, including a statement expressive of the inmate's current attitude toward society in general, toward the judge who sentenced him or her, toward the prosecuting attorney who prosecuted him or her, toward the policeman or other officer who arrested the inmate and toward the crime for which he or she is under sentence and his or her previous criminal record;

(C) On the inmate's industrial record while in custodywhich shall include: The nature of his or her work, occupa-

tion or education, the average number of hours per day he
or she has been employed or in class while in custody and
a recommendation as to the nature and kinds of employment which he or she is best fitted to perform and in
which the inmate is most likely to succeed when he or she
leaves prison;

(D) On physical, mental and psychiatric examinations of
the inmate conducted, insofar as practicable, within the
two months next preceding parole consideration by the
board.

243(2) The board panel considering the parole may waive 244 the requirement of any report when not available or not 245 applicable as to any inmate considered for parole but, in 246 every such case, shall enter in the record thereof its reason 247 for the waiver: *Provided*, That in the case of an inmate 248 who is incarcerated because the inmate has been found 249 guilty of, or has pleaded guilty to a felony under the 250 provisions of section twelve, article eight, chapter sixty-251 one of this code or under the provisions of article eight-b 252 or eight-c of said chapter, the board panel may not waive 253 the report required by this subsection and the report is to 254 include a study and diagnosis including an on-going 255 treatment plan requiring active participation in sexual 256 abuse counseling at an approved mental health facility or 257 through some other approved program: Provided, how-258 ever, That nothing disclosed by the person during the 259 study or diagnosis may be made available to any 260 law-enforcement agency, or other party without that 261 person's consent, or admissible in any court of this state, 262 unless the information disclosed indicates the intention or 263 plans of the parolee to do harm to any person, animal, 264 institution or to property. Progress reports of outpatient 265 treatment are to be made at least every six months to the 266 parole officer supervising the person. In addition, in such 267 cases, the parole board shall inform the prosecuting 268 attorney of the county in which the person was convicted

269 of the parole hearing and shall request that the prosecut270 ing attorney inform the parole board of the circumstances
271 surrounding a conviction or plea of guilty, plea bargaining
272 and other background information that might be useful in
273 its deliberations.

(m) Before releasing any inmate on parole, the board of 274275 parole shall arrange for the inmate to appear in person 276 before a parole board panel and the panel may examine 277 and interrogate him or her on any matters pertaining to 278 his or her parole, including reports before the board made 279 pursuant to the provisions hereof: Provided, That an 280 inmate may appear by video teleconference if the members 281 of the panel conducting the examination are able to 282 contemporaneously see the inmate and hear all of his or 283 her remarks and if the inmate is able to contemporane-284 ously see each of the members of the panel conducting the 285 examination and hear all of the members' remarks. The 286 panel shall reach its own written conclusions as to the 287 desirability of releasing the inmate on parole and the 288 majority of the panel considering the release shall concur 289 in the decision. The warden or superintendent shall 290 furnish all necessary assistance and cooperate to the 291 fullest extent with the parole board. All information, 292 records and reports received by the board are to be kept on 293 permanent file.

(n) The board and its designated agents are at all times
to have access to inmates imprisoned in any state correctional center or in any jail in this state and may obtain any
information or aid necessary to the performance of its
duties from other departments and agencies of the state or
from any political subdivision thereof.

(o) The board shall, if so requested by the Governor,
investigate and consider all applications for pardon,
reprieve or commutation and shall make recommendation
thereon to the Governor.

(p) Prior to making a recommendation for pardon,
reprieve or commutation and prior to releasing any inmate
on parole, the board shall notify the sentencing judge and
prosecuting attorney at least ten days before the recommendation or parole.

309 (q) Any person released on parole shall participate as a
310 condition of parole in the litter control program of the
311 county to the extent directed by the board, unless the
312 board specifically finds that this alternative service would
313 be inappropriate.

(r) Except for the amendments to this section contained
in subdivision (4), subsection (b) and subsection (i) of this
section the amendments to this section enacted during the
2010 regular session of the legislature shall become
effective on January 1, 2011.



The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

enate Committee Chà nanChairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Dugg b. S. Clerk of the House of Delegates

Jamhlun President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

3/82 The within 1.4. af this the..` Day of,2010. Governor



PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

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